1983, for a claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment under the contract, arising out of events occurring more than 18 months before submission of the claim, request, or demand.

- (ii) Section 558 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (Public Law 103–337) provides that no funds available to DoD may be provided by contract or contract modification, nor may contract payments be made, to an institution of higher education that has a policy of denying or that effectively prevents the Secretary of Defense from obtaining for military recruiting purposes—
- (A) Entry to campuses or access to students on campuses; or
- (B) Access to directory information pertaining to students. (See 209.470.)
- (iii) Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 983, no funds may be obligated by contract or contract modification to an institution of higher education that has an anti-ROTC policy. (See 209.470.)

[61 FR 25408, May 21, 1996]

#### 243.107 Contract clause.

For DoD, the *specifically authorized* representative (SAR) referred to in the clause at FAR 52.243–7, Notification of Changes, is a *contracting officer's representative* as defined in 202.101 and as discussed in subpart 201.6.

# 243.107-70 Notification of substantial impact on employment.

The Secretary of Defense is required to notify the Secretary of Labor if a modification of a major defense contract or subcontract will have a substantial impact on employment. The clause prescribed at 249.7002(c) requires that the contractor notify the contracting officer when a contract modification will have a substantial impact on employment.

[56 FR 67220, Dec. 30, 1991]

## 243.170 Identification of foreign military sale (FMS) requirements.

Identify contract modifications that add FMS requirements by clearly marking "FMS Requirement" on the front. Within the modification, cite each FMS case identifier code by line/

subline item number, e.g., FMS Case Identifier GY-D-DCA.

[56 FR 36446, July 31, 1991. Redesignated at 56 FR 67220, Dec. 30, 1991]

## 243.171 Obligation or deobligation of funds.

For each contract modification, the contracting officer shall identify, in Section G, Contract Administration Data (Uniform Contract Format), or the contract schedule (Simplified Contract Format), under the heading "Summary for the Payment Office," information sufficient to permit the paying office to readily identify the changes for each contract line and subline item as follows—

- (a) The amount of funds obligated by prior contract actions, to include the total cost and fee if a cost-type contract; the target fee at time of contract award if a cost-plus-incentive-fee contract; the base fee if a cost-plus-award fee contract; or the target price and target profit if a fixed-price incentive contract;
- (b) The amount of funds obligated or deobligated by the instant modification, categorized by the types of contracts specified in paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (c) The total cumulative amount of obligated or deobligated funds, categorized by the types of contracts specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

[60 FR 34470, July 3, 1995]

### Subpart 243.2—Change Orders

### 243.204 Administration.

(b) Definitization. The administrative contracting officer (ACO) must review change orders issued by the contracting officer to ensure compatibility with the status of performance. If the contractor has progressed beyond the effective point specified in the change order, the ACO must determine the earliest practical point at which the change order could be made effective and advise the contracting officer. The contracting officer must issue another change order to correct, revise, or supersede the first change order, then definitize by supplemental agreement citing both change orders.